



May 10-11, 2023  
sambaXP Conference

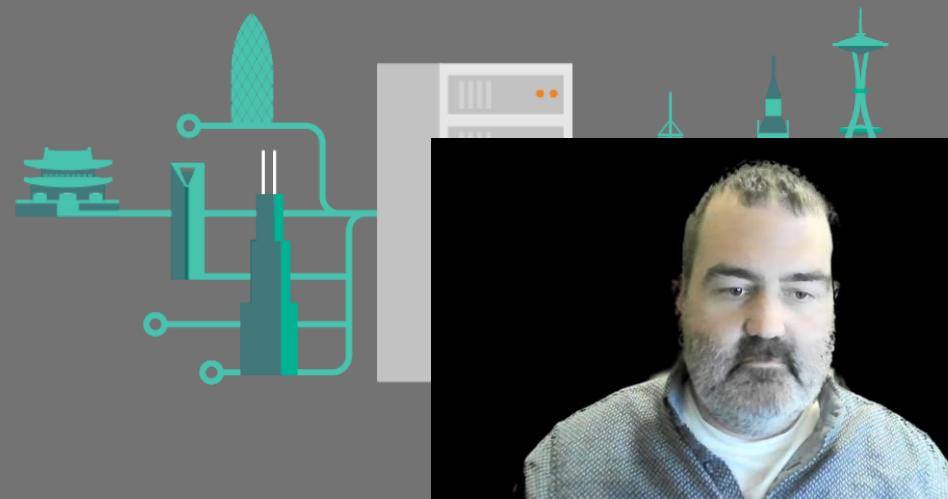
# Microsoft Interoperability Track





# Redact PII from a Word Document Using the Open XML SDK and Azure Cognitive Services for Language

Michael Bowen  
Escalation Engineer - Microsoft Office Open Specifications

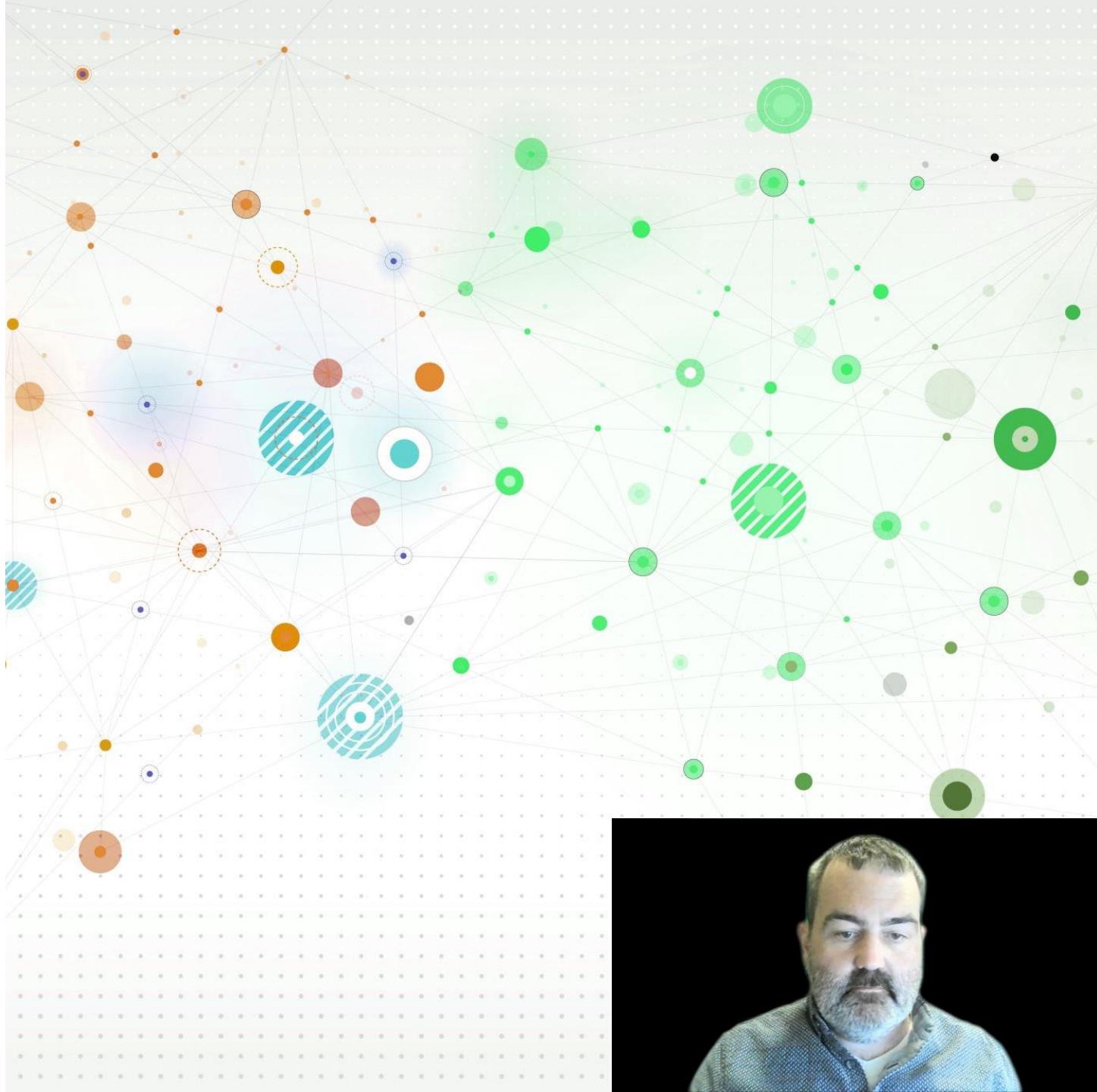


# Agenda

- Introduction to Azure Cognitive Services
- Create App using the Open XML SDK and Azure Cognitive Services
- How the Office Open XML File Format Works

# Prerequisites

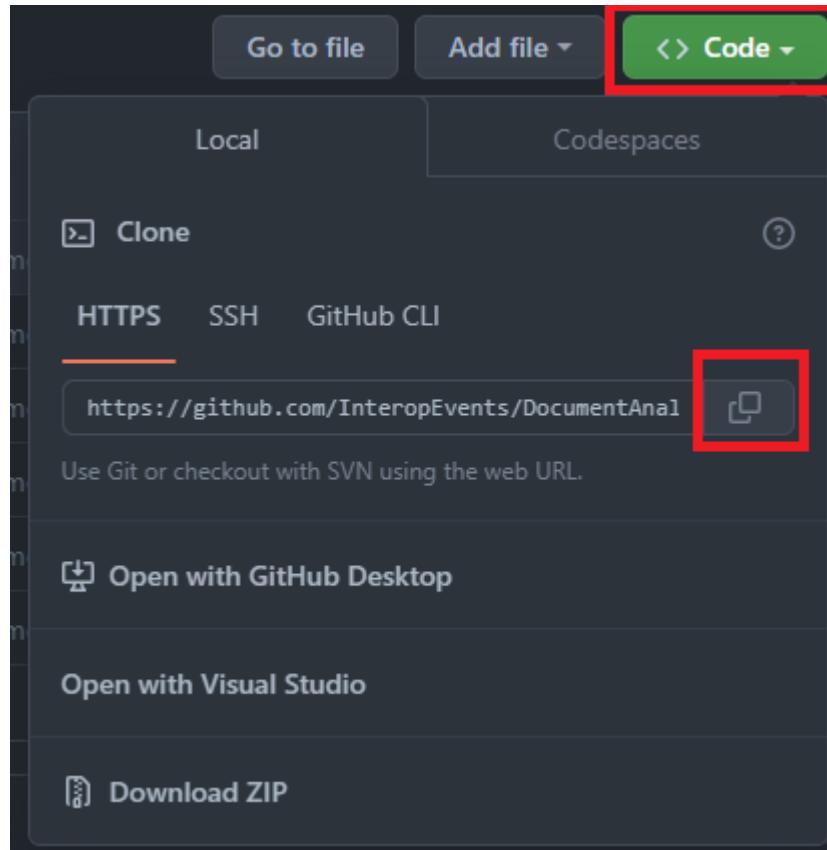
- ✓ [Visual Studio](#) (free community edition is OK)
- ✓ [.NET 6.0](#)
- ✓ [git command line tools](#)
- ✓ Word Processing app that can open .docx files such as [LibreOffice Writer](#) or [Microsoft Word](#)
- ✓ Free Account with Azure



# Project Code and Tutorial Are Available on GitHub

<https://github.com/InteropEvents/DocumentAnalyzer>

```
git clone https://github.com/InteropEvents/DocumentAnalyzer.git
```



# Azure Cognitive Services



# What are Azure Cognitive Services?

Azure Cognitive Services are cloud-based artificial intelligence (AI) services that help developers build cognitive intelligence into applications.

## Four Main Categories of Cognitive Services

- Vision
- Speech
- Decision
- **Language**

# Language Service

- Extract Key Phrases
- Find Linked Entities
- Named Entity Recognition (NER)
- Custom Named Entity Recognition (Custom NER)
- Text Analytics for Health
- **Personally Identifiable Information (PII) Detection**

# Create Azure Cognitive Service for Language

The image shows two side-by-side screenshots from the Microsoft Azure portal.

**Left Screenshot: Microsoft Azure Sign-in Page**

- Header: Microsoft Azure
- Microsoft logo
- Sign in** button
- Text: to continue to Microsoft Azure
- Email, phone, or Skype input field
- No account? [Create one!](#)
- Can't access your account?
- Next button
- Sign in with GitHub button
- Sign-in options link

**Right Screenshot: Cognitive Service Configuration Page**

- Information box: These keys are used to access your Cognitive Service API. Do not share your keys. Store them securely—for example, using Azure Key Vault. We also recommend regenerating these keys regularly. Only one key is necessary to make an API call. When regenerating the first key, you can use the second key for continued access to the service.
- Show Keys button
- KEY 1: [REDACTED]
- KEY 2: [REDACTED]
- Location/Region: eastus
- Endpoint: <https://interopdemolanguageservice.cognitiveservices.azure.com/>

Go to [portal.azure.com](https://portal.azure.com)

Sign in or create a new account

Create an Azure Cognitive Resource  
Copy the key and endpoint

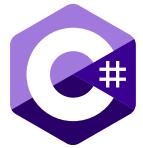
Complete instructions on <https://github.com/InteropEvents/DocumentAnalyzer>

# Free Tier

Azure Cognitive Services for Language has a free tier, which allows 5,000 free text records per month.

Instance	Features	Inferencing	Training and model endpoint hosting
Free - Web	Sentiment analysis (available in containers) Key phrase extraction (available in containers) Language detection (available in containers) Custom question answering <sup>1</sup> Prebuilt question answering Named entity recognition, including PII	5,000 text records free per month	N/A
	Conversational language understanding		Standard training: free Advanced training: up to 1 hour free Model endpoint hosting: free
	Custom text classification Custom named entity recognition <sup>2</sup>		Training: up to 1 hour free Model endpoint hosting: up to 1 model free

# Ways to Consume Azure Cognitive Services



C#

[Azure.AI.TextAnalytics](#)



Java

[azure-ai-textanalytics](#)



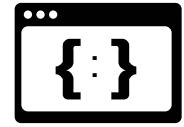
JavaScript

[@azure/ai-text-analytics](#)



Python

[azure-ai-textanalytics](#)

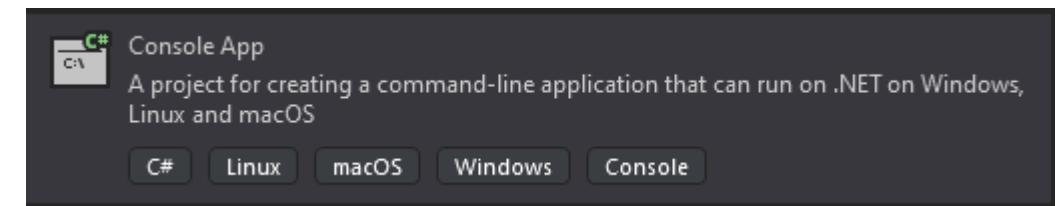
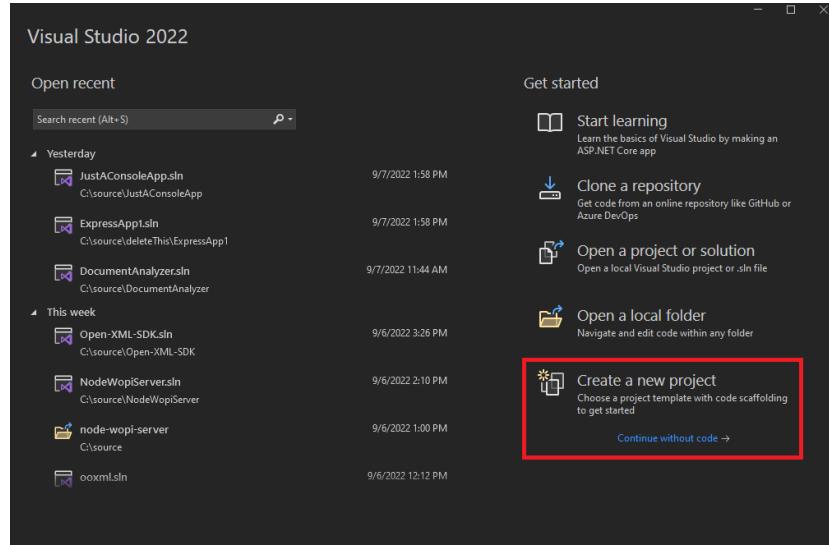


REST API

# Creating the Application

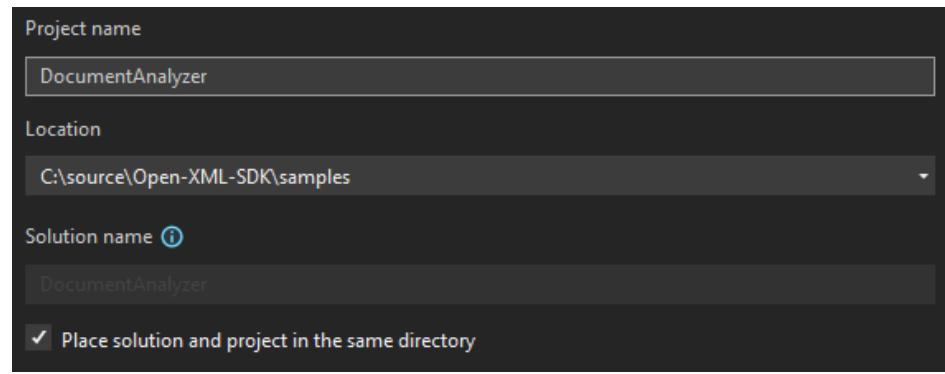


# Create a Console Application with Visual Studio

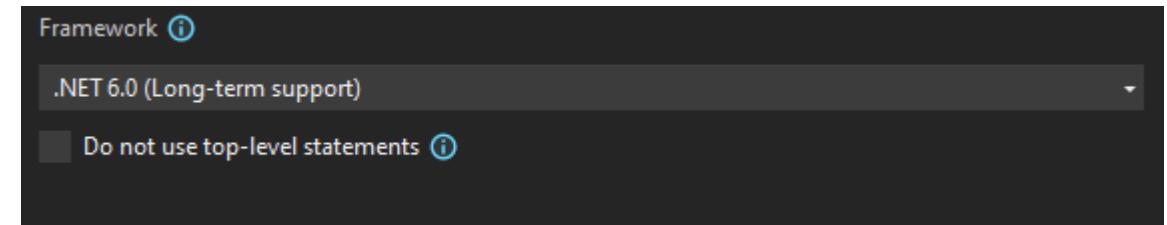


Open Visual Studio and select create a new project

Select Console App and click Next



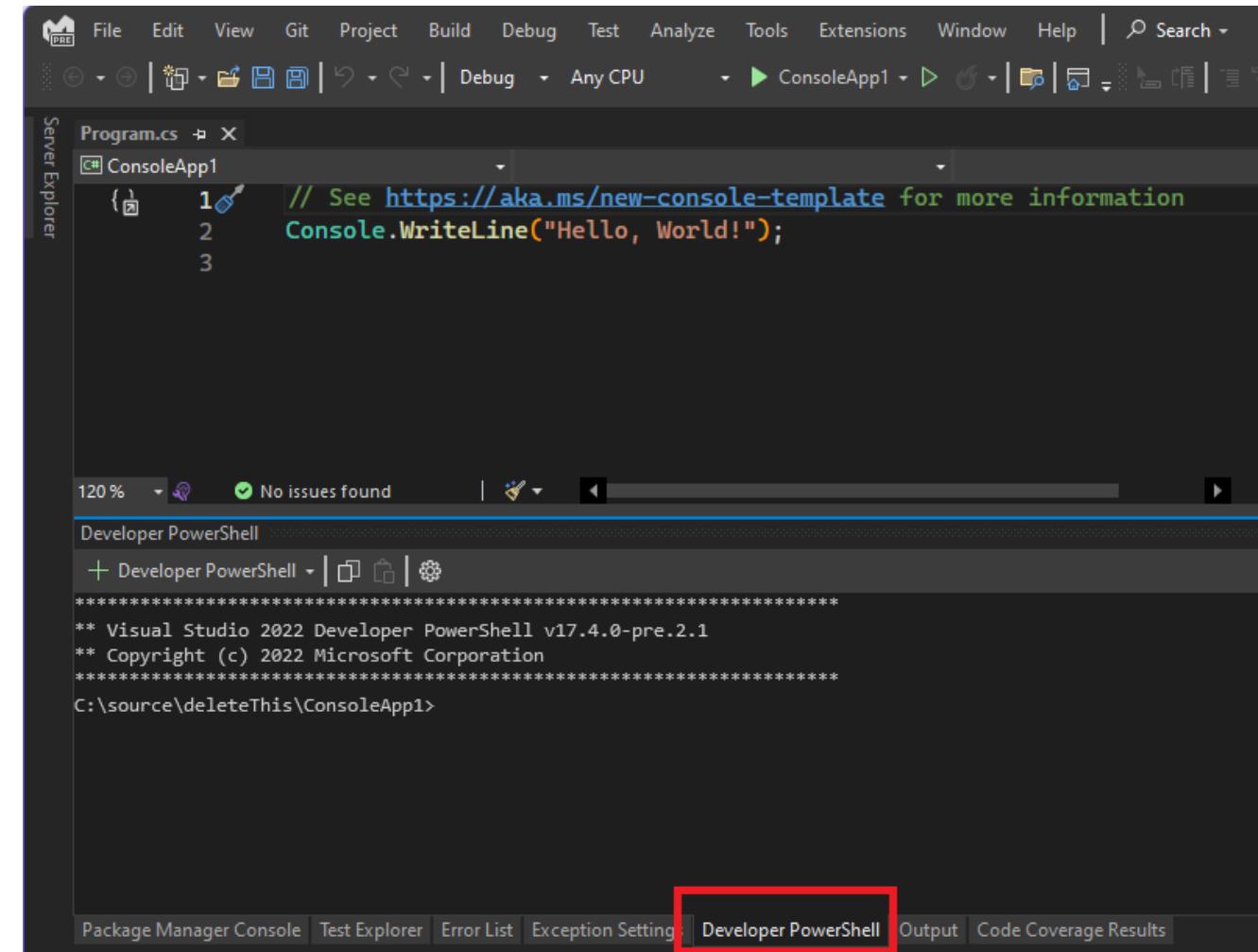
Choose a name for your app and click next.



Choose .NET 6.0 and click create

# Install the OpenXML SDK and Azure.AI.TextAnalytics

Open the developer console and enter the following commands to install the Nuget packages.



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio IDE interface. At the top, the menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Git, Project, Build, Debug, Test, Analyze, Tools, Extensions, Window, Help, and a Search bar. Below the menu is a toolbar with various icons. The main window displays a C# file named Program.cs with the following code:

```
1 // See https://aka.ms/new-console-template for more information
2 Console.WriteLine("Hello, World!");
3
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates "120 %", "No issues found", and the path "C:\source\deleteThis\ConsoleApp1>". The bottom navigation bar features tabs for Package Manager Console, Test Explorer, Error List, Exception Settings, Developer PowerShell (which is highlighted with a red box), Output, and Code Coverage Results.

```
dotnet add package DocumentFormat.OpenXml
```

```
dotnet add package Azure.AI.TextAnalytics
```

# Add the usings

- Open Program.cs and delete the contents.
- Add the following usings to the top of the file.

```
using Azure;
using Azure.AI.TextAnalytics;
using DocumentFormat.OpenXml;
using DocumentFormat.OpenXml.Packaging;
using DocumentFormat.OpenXml.Wordprocessing;
```

# Create an Azure TextAnalyticsClient

Below the usings, create an AzureKeyCredential and Uri with your API key and endpoint from Azure and use them to create the TextAnalyticsClient and store the file path in a variable.

```
AzureKeyCredential credentials = new AzureKeyCredential("<API Key goes here>");  
Uri endpointUri = new Uri("<API endpoint goes here>");  
TextAnalyticsClient textAnalyticsClient = new TextAnalyticsClient(endpointUri, credentials);  
// Code on next slide goes here
```

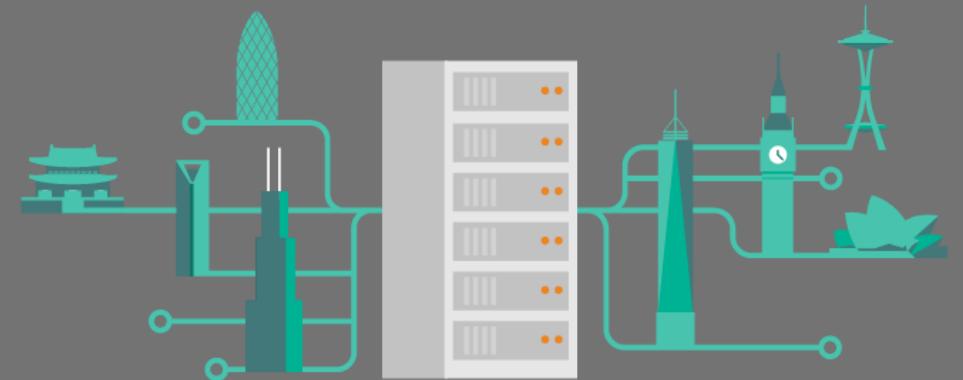
# Open a Word Document and Clone It

```
string filePath = "<absolute path to .docx file with PII>";

using (WordprocessingDocument doc = WordprocessingDocument.Open(filePath, false))
{
    WordprocessingDocument? newDoc = doc.Clone() as WordprocessingDocument;
    doc.Close();
    List<Paragraph>? paragraphs =
newDoc?.MainDocumentPart?.Document?.Body?.ChildElements?.OfType<Paragraph>()?.ToList();

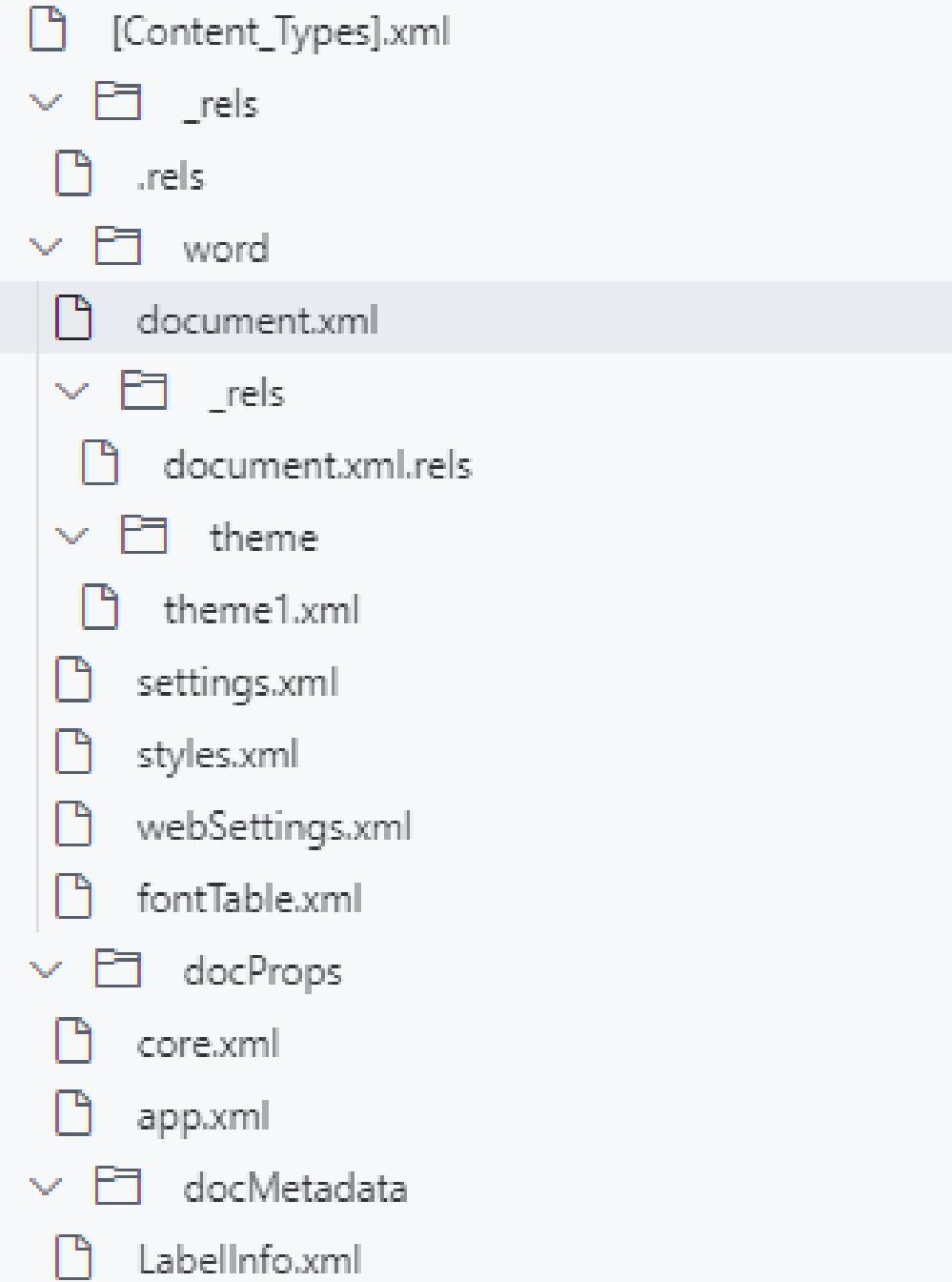
    // Code for next step goes here
}
```

# How the Office Open XML File Format Works



Microsoft Office implements  
ISO/IEC-29500 Office Open  
XML File Formats

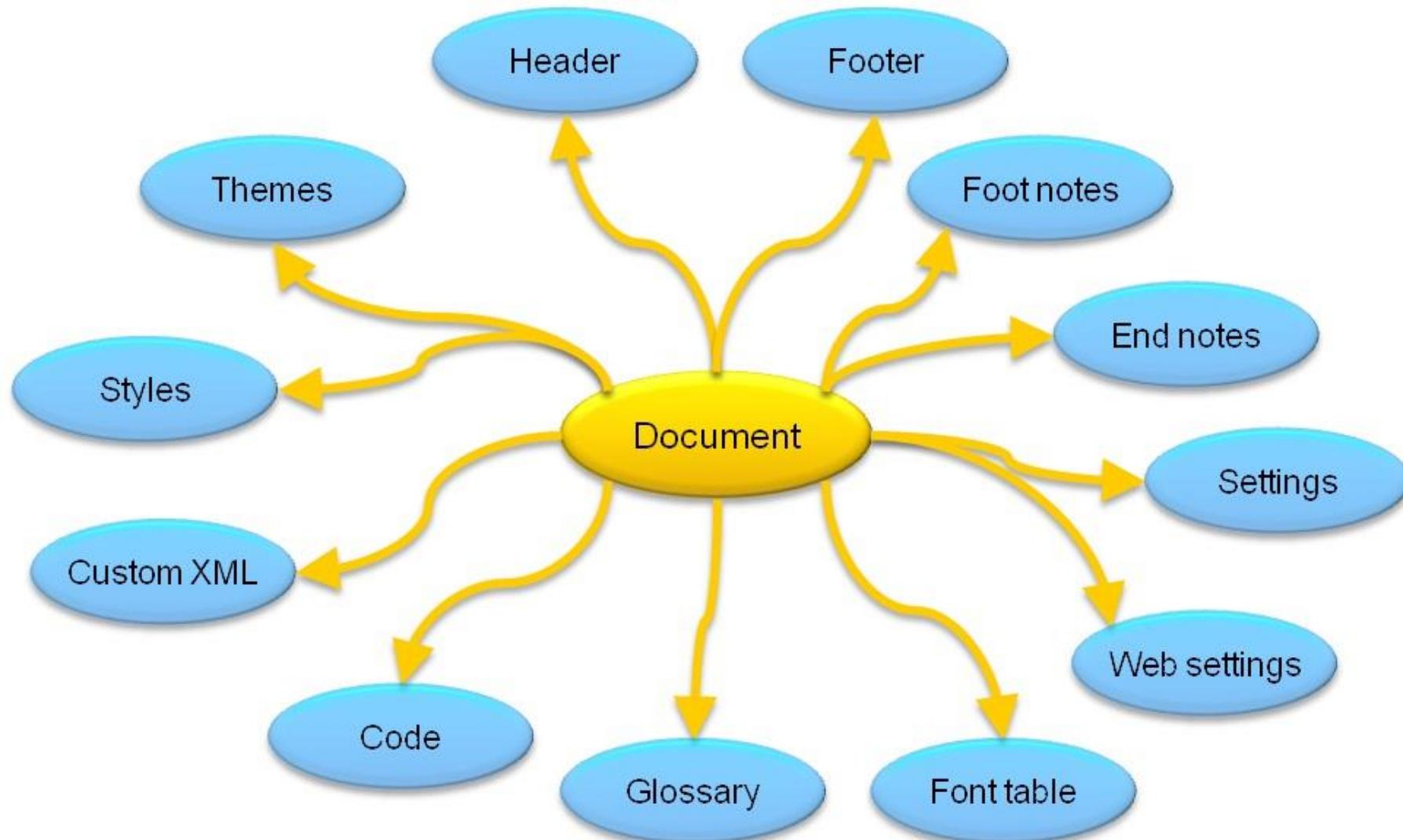
You can unzip a Word file to see  
the underlying xml



# The Main Document Part

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"
standalone="yes"?>
<w:document>
  <w:body>
    <w:p>
      <w:r>
        <w:t>Hello World</w:t>
      </w:r>
    </w:p>
  </w:body>
</w:document>
```

# Typical Document Structure



# The document.xml Part

```
List<Paragraph>? paragraphs =  
newDoc?.MainDocumentPart?.Document?.Body?.ChildElements?.OfType<Paragraph>()?.ToList();
```

---

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>  
<w:document>  
  <w:body>  
    <w:p>  
      <w:r>  
        <w:t>Hello World</w:t>  
      </w:r>  
    </w:p>  
  </w:body>  
</w:document>
```

# The Paragraph Element in XML

```
<w:p>
  <w:r>
    <w:t>Hello</w:t>
  </w:r>
  <w:r>
    <w:t> World</w:t>
  </w:r>
</w:p>
```

# Loop over the paragraphs

- `paragraphs` could be null, so use the `is` operator to check for null
- Then loop over the `paragraphs` list

```
if (paragraphs is not null)
{
    foreach (Paragraph p in paragraphs)
    {
        // Code on next slide goes here
    }
}
```

# Get a list of the Run elements

- Create a list of runs for each paragraph and store it in a variable called `runs`.
- The list could be null so use the `in` operator again to check for null before looping over `runs`

```
List<Run>? runs = p.ChildElements?.OfType<Run>().ToList();  
  
if (runs is not null)  
{  
    foreach (Run r in runs)  
    {  
        // Next code goes here  
    }  
}
```

Check each run for PII and add the redacted text to the cloned document

```
if (!String.IsNullOrEmpty(r.InnerText))
{
    PiiEntityCollection piiEntities =
        await textAnalyticsClient.RecognizePiiEntitiesAsync(r.InnerText)).Value;

    if (piiEntities.Count > 0)
    {
        r.RemoveAllChildren<Text>();
        r.AppendChild(new Text(piiEntities.RedactedText)
            { Space = SpaceProcessingModeValues.Preserve });
    }
}
```

# Save the new document with a new name

- At the end of the using statement use this code to create a new file name and save the file

```
if (newDoc is not null)
{
    string newPath = Path.Combine(
        Path.GetDirectoryName(filePath) ?? String.Empty,
        $"'{Path.GetFileNameWithoutExtension(filePath)}_redacted{Path.GetExtension(filePath)}'");
    newDoc.SaveAs(newPath);
    newDoc.Close();
}
```

# The Test Document

This is the result when the app is used to process the sample test .docx file from the GitHub repo

Parker Doe has repaid all their loans as of 2020-04-25. Their SSN is 859-98-0987. To contact them, use their phone number 800-102-1100. They are originally from Brazil and have document ID number 011-445-22¶

Yesterday, Dan Doe was asking where they could find the ABA number. I explained that it is the first 9 digits in the lower-left-hand-corner of their personal check. After looking at their account they confirmed the number was 111000025¶

Frank Rizzo's address is 1613 E Howell St., Seattle, WA 98102, his phone number is 206-442-1312. You can send his new credit card: 5425233430109903 exp 04/2023.¶

\*\*\*\*\*.has-repaid-all-their-loans-as-of.\*\*\*\*\*.Their-SSN-is.\*\*\*\*\*.To-contact-them,use-their-phone-number.\*\*\*\*\*.They-are-originally-from-Brazil-and-have-document-ID-number.\*\*\*\*\*¶

\*\*\*\*\* ,\*\*\*\*\*.was-asking-where-they-could-find-the.\*\*\*-number.I-explained-that-it-is-the-first-9-digits-in-the-lower-left-hand-corner-of-their-personal-check.After-looking-at-their-account-they-confirmed-the-number-was.\*\*\*\*\*¶

\*\*\*\*\*'s-address-is.\*\*\*\*\*.his-phone-number-is.\*\*\*\*\*.You-can-send-his-new-credit-card:\*\*\*\*\*.exp.\*\*\*\*\*.¶

Before

After

# Additional Information

In addition to the redacted text, the PIIEntityCollection has additional information that can be logged to the console by adding this code.

```
foreach (PiiEntity entity in piiEntities)
{
    Console.WriteLine($"    Text: {entity.Text}");
    Console.WriteLine($"    Category: {entity.Category}");

    Console.WriteLine($"    SubCategory:
{(!string.IsNullOrEmpty(entity.SubCategory) ? entity.SubCategory :
String.Empty)}");

    Console.WriteLine($"    Confidence score: {entity.ConfidenceScore}");
}
```

# Additional Information

The PIIEntityCollection also provides Category, SubCategory, and the Confidence score.

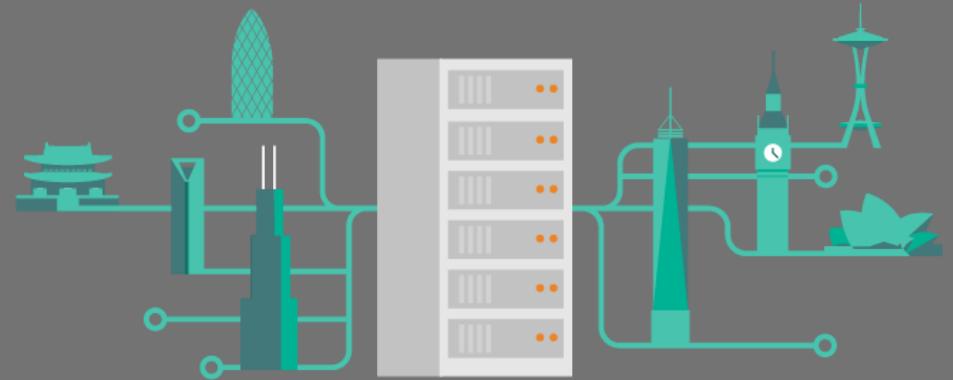
**Text:** Frank Rizzo  
**Category:** Person  
**SubCategory:**  
**Confidence score:** 0.99

Some text has a high confidence score

**Text:** ABA  
**Category:** Organization  
**SubCategory:** Sports  
**Confidence score:** 0.63

Other text the confidence is much lower

# Next Steps



# Azure Cognitive Services



[Azure Cognitive Services documentation | Microsoft Learn](#)



[Overview of Responsible use of AI - Azure Cognitive Services | Microsoft Learn](#)

# File Format Support



[\[MS-OFFPROTLP\]: Office Protocols](#)  
[Microsoft Learn](#)

Read the documentation



[Microsoft supported products on Q&A](#) | Microsoft Learn

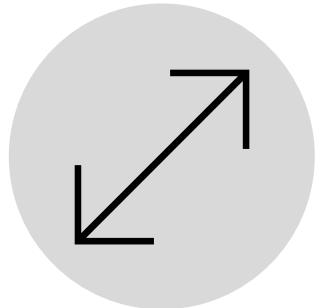
Use the tag “openspecs-office” for questions about file formats



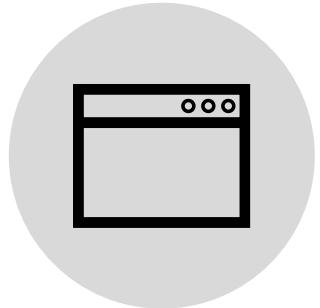
Email [DocHelp@Microsoft.com](mailto:DocHelp@Microsoft.com)

Connect with Microsoft engineers

# Open XML SDK



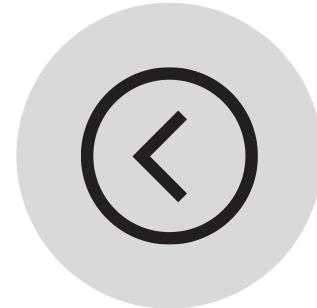
[Welcome to the Open  
XML SDK 2.5 for Office |](#)  
[Microsoft Learn](#)



[OfficeDev/Open-XML-  
SDK: Open XML SDK by](#)  
[Microsoft \(github.com\)](#)



[Open-XML-SDK/samples  
\(github.com\)](#)



[OOXML Viewer VSCode  
Extension](#)

# End of Module



